

Balance in the Bay

Worksheet/Summary/Graph Sample Key - Cover Sheet

Middle School

Attached you will find a sample key for two fishing seasons for three fleets. For each fleet, the Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet has been completed for each season. Additionally, we have included a completed Community Fishery Summary Sheet and Graph for the sample. We hope that this helps you facilitate the activity better with your students.

Thank you, Voices of the Bay Fisheries Education Program

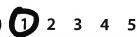


Balance in the Bay **Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet**

1	
M	M) I

Student Fishing Fleet Member Names:

FISHING SEASON (circle one) 1 2 3



1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

A = 132 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip

B = 132,000 lbs

132 × 1,000 = 132,000 lbs

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? $C = B lbs \times 0.98$

C = 129.360 lbs

132,000 × 0.98 = 129,360

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your BoatsFishing

D = 50.000 lbs

50,000 x1 = 50,000

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - Dlbs

 $E = \frac{39}{360}$ lbs

129.360 - 50,000 = 79.360

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? $F = E lbs \times $0.25/lb$

F=\$ 19,840

79,360 x 0.25 = 19,840

7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?

8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?

9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

 $G = \bigvee boat(s)$

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? $H = G boat(s) \times \$10,000/boat$

H = \$ 10,000

 $1 \times 10,000 = 10,000$

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season?

19,840-10,000=9,840 If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits OR

\$9,840

Or, if **F** is negative, **Season Net Losses** = **F**



Balance in the Bay **Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet**

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18				

FISHING SEASON (circle one) 1 (2) 3

1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

$$A = 169$$
 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip 164 ×1,000 = 164,000

$$B = 164,000$$
 lbs

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? $C = B lbs \times 0.98$

$$C = 160,720$$
 lbs $164,000 \times 0.98 = 160,720$

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your Boats **Fishing**

$$D = 100,000$$
 lbs

$$50,000 \times 2 = 100,000$$

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - D lbs

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? F = E lbs x \$0.25/lb

7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?

8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?

9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

$$G = \int boat(s)$$

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? H = G boat(s) x \$10,000/boat

$$H = $ 10,000$$

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season?

15,180-10,000=5,180 If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits | \$5,180 OR

Or, if **F** is negative, **Season Net Losses** = **F**





Balance in the Bay

Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet

DA	MA	<i></i>	

Student Fishing Fleet Member Names:

FISHING SEASON (circle one) (1) 2 3 4 5



1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

A = 442 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip

B = 442,000 lbs

442 × 1,000 = 442,000

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? C = B lbs x 0.98

C=433.160 lbs

442,000 × 0.98 = 433,160

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your Boats **Fishing**

D = 50.000 lbs

50,000 ×1 = SD,000

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - Dlbs

E = 383.160 lbs

433,166 - 50,000 = 383,160

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? $F = E lbs \times $0.25/lb$

F=\$95,790

383,160 × 0.25 = 95,790

- 7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?
- 8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?
- 9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

G = - boat(s)

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? $H = G boat(s) \times \$10,000/boat$

H = \$70,000

7 x10,000 = 70,000

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season? 95,790 - 70,000 = 25,790

If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits \$25,790

Or, if **F** is negative, **Season Net Losses** = **F**



Balance in the Bay

Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet

PAM	
CLAIN	

Student Fishing Fleet Member Names:

FISHING SEASON (circle one) 1 2 3 4 5

1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

A = 1000 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip

B = 695,000 lbs

695 ×1000 = 1,95,000

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? $C = B lbs \times 0.98$

C = 1601,100 lbs

695.000 × 0.98 = 681.100

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your Boats **Fishing**

D = 400.000 lbs

50,000 × 8 = 400,000

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - D lbs

E = 281,100 lbs

681.100 - 400.000 = 281.100

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? $F = E lbs \times $0.25/lb$

F=\$70.275

281.100 x 0.25 = \$70.275

7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?

8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?

9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

G = 0 boat(s)

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? $H = G boat(s) \times \$10,000/boat$

H=\$

0 × 10.000 = 0

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season?

70,275-0=70,275

If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits 770,275 OR

Season Net Losses

Or, if F is negative, Season Net Losses = F



Balance in the Bay

Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet

	2
eam	2

Student Fishing Fleet Member Names:

FISHING SEASON (circle one) (1) 2 3 4 5



1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

$$A = \underline{276}$$
 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip

$$B = 276,000$$
 lbs

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? C = B lbs x 0.98

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your Boats**Fishing**

$$D = 50.000$$
 lbs

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - Dlbs

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? $F = E lbs \times $0.25/lb$

7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?

8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?



9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

$$G = \underline{5}$$
 boat(s)

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? $H = G boat(s) \times \$10,000/boat$

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season?

SS,120 - SD,000 = S,120 If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits | \$\sqrt{5}, |20|

OR



Or, if F is negative, Season Net Losses = F



XSAMPLE X



Balance in the Bay **Fishing Fleet Computation Worksheet**

Student Fishing Fleet Member Names:

FISHING SEASON (circle one) 1 2 3 4 5

1. How many paperclips did your fleet collect?

A = 138 paperclips

2. If one paperclip is equal to 1,000 pounds of squid, how many pounds of squid did your fleet catch? B = A paperclips x 1,000 lbs/paperclip

B = 138,000 lbs

138 ×1,000 = 138,000.

3. If only 98% of the total number of pounds that your fleet caught were actually squid (the rest are called bycatch, fish that are not squid), how many pounds of squid did you catch? $C = B lbs \times 0.98$

C = 135, 240 lbs

138,000 × 0.98 = 135,240

4. If it costs 50,000 pounds of squid per boat to keep it operating, how many pounds of squid are needed to pay the operating costs for your fleet? D = 50,000 lbs/boat x Number of Your Boats **Fishing**

D = 300,000 lbs

50,000 x6=300.000

5. How many pounds of squid do you have left to sell after paying the operating costs? E = C lbs - Dlbs

E = -14,760 lbs

-135,240-300,000 = -164,760

6. In this simulation the dockside sale price for squid is \$0.25/lb. How much money will you get paid for your squid? F = E lbs x \$0.25/lb

F=\$-41190

-164.760 x 0.25 = -41,190

7. Did you make a profit this season (F is positive) or did you lose money (F is negative)?

8. If you made a profit, extra boats cost \$10,000 each. Would you like to buy more boats?

9. How many boat(s) do you want to buy?

G = 0 boat(s)

10. How much will it cost you to buy those extra boats? $H = G boat(s) \times \$10,000/boat$

0 x 10.000 = 0

11. How much money do you have in your account at the end of the season?

-41,190 - 0 = -41,190

If F is positive, Season Net Profits = F - H

Season Net Profits

Or, if F is negative, Season Net Losses = F

Season Net Losses | 441,190



XSAMPLE X

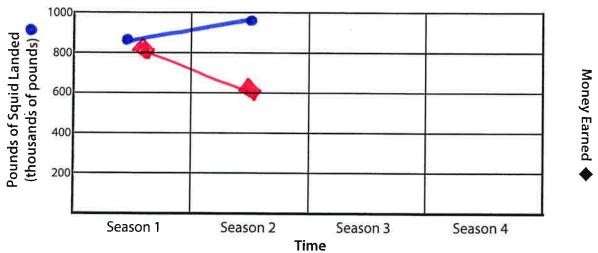
Balance in the Bay Community Fishery Summary Sheet

	Sample		Seas	on 1	Seas	on 2	Seas	on 3	Seas	on 4
Fleet 1	lbs squid caught	# boats purchased	29,360	\	160,72	1				
rieet i	Net pro	fit/losses	\$9,840		\$5,180					
Floor 2	lbs squid caught	# boats purchased	433,160	7	1831	Ø				
Fleet 2	Net pro	Net profit/losses		790	\$70	0,275				,
Fleet 3	lbs squid # boats caught purchased		270,480	5	135,240	0				
rieet 3	Net profit/losses		\$5,120		\$-41,190					
	lbs squid caught	# boats purchased								
Fleet 4	Net pro	ofit/losses								·
Fleet 5	lbs squid caught	# boats purchased								
rieet 5	Net profit/losses									
Total pounds of squid caught (T)	T (sum of each fleet's catch)		833,000		977,060			o		
Total # paperclips collected (P)	T / 1,000 = P		833		977					
Total # paperclips remaining in fishing grounds (R)	1,000 – P = R		167		23					
Total reproduction for next season (N)	R x 10 = N		1,670		230					
Number of paperclips to return to fishing grounds for start of next season (S)	N – R = S		i,st	3	207				Þ	-

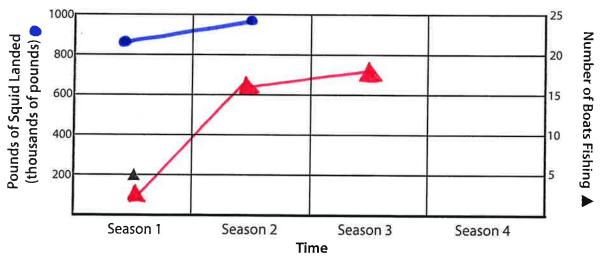
VOICES BAY

* SAMPLE * Balance in the Bay Community Fishery Graphs

1. Compare the pounds of squid landed (T) and the money earned (summed net profits/losses) each season.



2. Compare the pounds of squid landed (T) and total number of boats fishing each season.



3. Compare the pounds of squid in the population (S + R) at the end of each season.

