



Hawaiian Adventure: Virtual Reality Fact Sheet

This fact sheet is associated with the Hawaiian Adventure VR Video.



A turtle relaxes while fish feed upon its shell at a cleaning station. Photo: Matt McIntosh/NOAA



The Napali Coast is on the island of Kauai. Photo: Nick Zachar/NOAA



A humpback whale swims peacefully. Photo: NOAA

- 1. Humpback whales (koholā in Hawaiian) migrate annually to the equator in winters to mate, give birth, and raise their young in the warmer waters.
- 2. Humpback whales make many sounds to communicate and socialize with its pod (other whales it travels with).
- 3. Whitetip reef sharks (manō) are nocturnal and hunt along the seafloor.
- 4. The Hawaiian Islands are formed by a volcanic hot spot that pushes up lava and as it cools new islands in the Pacific are formed.
- 5. Green sea turtles (honu) are the largest hard-shelled sea turtle. They are about 3–4 feet long and weigh up to 350 pounds.
- 6. Green sea turtles are the only herbivorous sea turtle, meaning they eat only plants. These turtles eat mainly algae and seagrass.
- 7. Sharks and sea turtles are recognized as ancestors within Native Hawaiian culture.
- 8. Cleaner fish and shrimp eat bacteria, parasites, and algae off larger organisms at cleaning stations. The act is beneficial for both animals.