



- I am the single largest fully protected conservation area in the United States.
- I range across 583,000 square miles (1,510,000 km²) of ocean waters, including ten islands and atolls of the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands.
- My name commemorates the union of two Hawaiian ancestors – Papahānaumoku and Wākea – who gave rise to the Hawaiian Archipelago, the taro plant and the Hawaiian people.

Papahānaumokuākea Marine National Monument



An endangered Hawaiian monk seal rests on Midway Atoll in the monument. Photo: Andy Collins/NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





2. Where Am I?

- Twenty-nine species of marine mammals reside in or migrate through me. I also provide critical nesting habitats for seabirds.
- I contain some of the richest fishing and shellfishing grounds on the planet.
- Native tribes including Makah, Quileute, Hoh and Quinault have been sustained by my resources since time immemorial.
- I host a variety of marine habitats, including beaches, rocky shoreline, offshore islands, kelp forests, rocky reefs, sandy seafloor and submarine canyons.
- I am just offshore of a large peninsula.

Olympic Coast National Marine Sanctuary



Stacks are silhouetted in front of a sunset at Olympic Coast National Marine Sanctuary. Photo: NOAA





- I cover nearly one thousand square miles of Lake Michigan waters.
- I help preserve dozens of archaeological sites.
- I am home to 39 known shipwrecks, with the potential for more to be found.
- Fifteen of these vessels are preserved almost completely intact due to the Great Lakes' cold water.
- Three ships have standing masts, a rarity among sunken wrecks.

Wisconsin Shipwreck Coast National Marine Sanctuary



Divers investigate a shipwreck in Wisconsin Shipwreck Coast National Marine Sanctuary, one of the newest in the U.S. Photo: Courtesy Wisconsin Historical Society

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





4. Where Am I?

- I protect nearly 100 historic shipwrecks in Lake Huron off the Michigan coast.
- The collection reflects transitions in ship architecture and construction, from wooden schooners to early steel-hulled steamers, as well as several unusual vessel types.
- Through research, education and community involvement, I work to ensure future generations can enjoy these underwater treasures.

Thunder Bay National Marine Sanctuary



This is one of the remarkably well-preserved wrecks at Thunder Bay National Marine Sanctuary, which are priceless resources for exploration and discovery. Photo: NOAA





- I am a historically important fishing ground.
- Whaling ships once sailed from nearby New England ports, but now I am a premier whale watching destination.
- Commercial and recreational fishing in my waters continue to support local economies.
- Shipwrecks here serve as time capsules of our nation's maritime history.

Stellwagen Bank National Marine Sanctuary



Researchers prepare to release a tagged shearwater at Stellwagen Bank National Marine Sanctuary. Photo: David Wiley/NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





6. Where Am I?

- I protect the remains of more than 100 World War I-era wooden steamships – known as the "Ghost Fleet."
- The sunken ships provide habitat for wildlife including fish, mammals and nesting birds.
- I am a short distance down river of Washington, D.C.
- A great way to explore this national treasure is by kayak at low tide. There is also a Sanctuary 360 video. You can click and drag the video to explore in 360 degrees: https://youtu.be/hkdtprFGZes

Mallows Bay-Potomac River National Marine Sanctuary



Paddling around Mallows Bay-Potomac River National Marine Sanctuary in Maryland.
Photo: Matt McIntosh/NOAA





- I protect 1,470 square miles of ocean waters around the islands of Anacapa, Santa Cruz, Santa Rosa, San Miguel and Santa Barbara.
- Endangered species, sensitive habitats, historic shipwrecks and cultural resources are protected here through research, education, conservation and stewardship.
- Home to pristine kelp forests and deep-sea coral gardens, I am known as the "Galapagos of the North."

Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary



Native Tomol pullers leave the mainland at sunrise near Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary.

Photo: Robert Schwemmer/NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





8. Where Am I?

- I am located in the cradle of Polynesia's oldest culture.
- I protect extensive coral reefs, including some of the oldest and largest *Porites* coral heads in the world.
- I also protect deep-water reefs, hydrothermal vent communities and rare marine archaeological resources.

National Marine Sanctuary of American Samoa



Samoan cultural events are held year-round at National Marine Sanctuary of American Samoa.

Photo: Claire Fackler/NOAA





- I contain a diverse community of underwater habitats, from the only coral barrier reef in the continental United States to the largest connected seagrass community in the Northern Hemisphere.
- More than 6,000 animal species are found here, along with an array of submerged historical and cultural resources.
- I am one of the world's most cherished locations for diving, fishing, boating and wildlife viewing.

Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary



Restoring coral reefs at Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary; Learn more with interactive 360° video: https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/vr/florida-keys/coral-restoration Photo: Nick Zachar/NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





10. Where Am I?

- With some of the best wildlife viewing in the world, I am known as the "Serengeti of the Sea."
- I feature pristine beaches, jewel-like tide pools, lush kelp forests, steep canyons and an offshore seamount teeming with life—from tiny shrimp to giant blue whales.
- I stretch along the central California coast from San Francisco to Cambria.

Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary



A young sea otter takes a snooze at Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary. Photo: NOAA





- I protect 160 square miles (414 sq. km) of critical habitat in the Gulf of Mexico.
- I comprise 17 different reefs and banks.
- Discovered at the turn of the 20th century by fishermen in search of snapper and grouper, the banks' colorful reefs are the northernmost in the continental United States.
- Species observed include graceful manta rays, gentle sea turtles, agile hammerhead sharks and gargantuan whale sharks. Boulder-sized brain and star corals abound.

Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary



A reef teeming with fish at Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary; Photo: NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





12. Where Am I?

- I was the first national marine sanctuary designated in the United States.
- I protect the wreck of a Civil War ironclad ship.
- I work with partners to honor and interpret the famous ship and its marine environment for the American people.

Monitor National Marine Sanctuary



A diver investigates the famous U.S.S. *Monitor*, teaming with fish. Photo: NOAA





- Every winter, thousands of whales travel to my warm, shallow waters of Hawai'i to mate, give birth and raise their young.
- I protect these whales, their habitat and many other marine species.
- From November through April, visitors can see whales from shore and at sea.

Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale National Marine Sanctuary



A humpback whale breaches in Hawaiian Islands Humpback Whale National Marine Sanctuary. Photo: NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





14. Where Am I?

- I protect the wildlife, habitats and cultural resources of one of the most diverse and bountiful marine environments in the world.
- I span 3,295 square miles (8,534 sq. km) off the northern and central California coast.
- Researchers here study creatures both small and great – from zooplankton, like krill, to white sharks.
- My rocky shore habitats support a variety of algae, anemones and mussels.

Greater Farallones National Marine Sanctuary



Students explore tide pools at Greater Farallones National Marine Sanctuary. Photo: Anna Sparer/NOAA





- I am a protected ocean area off the coast of Georgia teeming with life.
- My "live-bottom" habitats, which include corals, are representative of others across the region.
- I provide year-round opportunities for sport fishing, recreational diving and boating.
- My research area hosts one of the only designated no-take zones in the region.
- Researchers here study water quality, ocean noise, hurricane prediction, climate change and more.

Gray's Reef National Marine Sanctuary



Divers and anglers come to Gray's Reef National Marine Sanctuary to enjoy the incredible biodiversity of the livebottom habitat. Photo: Greg McFall/NOAA

Office of National Marine Sanctuaries National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration





16. Where Am I?

- I am located entirely offshore, northwest of San Francisco, California. I protect 1,286 square miles (3,331 sq. km) of ocean, including soft seafloor habitat, a rocky bank, deep sea canyons and diverse communities of wildlife.
- My surface waters are feeding areas for local and migratory seabirds and marine mammals.
- Ocean conditions and undersea topography combine to fuel a diverse marine community. Another sanctuary borders me on three sides.

Cordell Bank National Marine Sanctuary



A research submersible prepares to dive Cordell Bank National Marine Sanctuary; Photo: NOAA